



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## TRANSACTIONS OF THE SOCIETY.

A Regular Meeting of the Society was held at Mendelssohn Hall, No. 119 West Fortieth Street, on Tuesday, April 19, 1904, at 8.30 o'clock P.M. Vice-President Moore in the chair.

The following persons, recommended by the Council, were elected Fellows:

Edward H. Kidder.      Richard H. Allen.

The Chairman then introduced Dr. Edmund O. Hovey, who addressed the Society on the incidents of a Journey in Southern Russia and the Caucasus Mountains.

Maps and views were shown. On motion, the Society adjourned.

---

## NOTES AND NEWS.

THE CULLUM GEOGRAPHICAL MEDAL has been awarded by the Council to Sven Hedin for his explorations and discoveries in Central Asia; Lob-nor, the Desert of Gobi, the Kwen-lun Mountains and Tibet.

EIGHTH INTERNATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC CONGRESS.—The proposed meeting of the Congress for one day, in Baltimore, has been abandoned on account of the recent great fire.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.—The Department of Commerce and Labor, Bureau of the Census, published on the 5th of April a Bulletin (No. 7) presenting estimates of the population of the United States for 1901, 1902, and 1903.

The total for 1903 (exclusive of Alaska and the insular possessions) is 79,900,389.

There are 438 cities with a population of 10,000, or more.

The following list gives the figures for the States and Territories, with the largest city in each:

Alabama.....	1,923,284;	Birmingham.....	42,087
Arizona.....	133,338;	no city of.....	10,000
Arkansas.....	1,366,119;	Little Rock.....	42,036
California.....	1,564,286;	San Francisco.....	355,919
Colorado.....	574,030;	Denver.....	144,588
Connecticut.....	956,789;	New Haven.....	114,600
Delaware.....	189,878;	Wilmington.....	81,300
District of Columbia..	293,217;	Washington.....	293,217